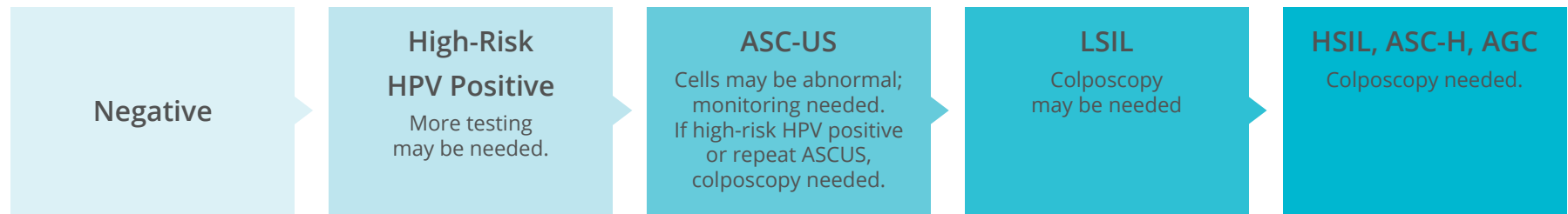
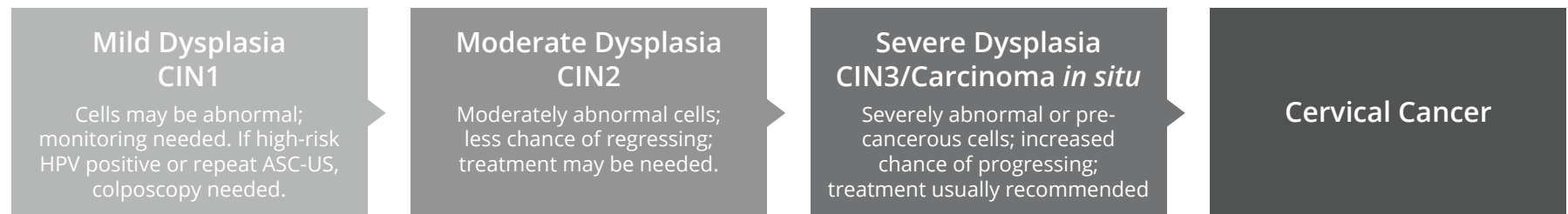


CERVICAL SCREENING AND COLPOSCOPIC BIOPSY RESULTS

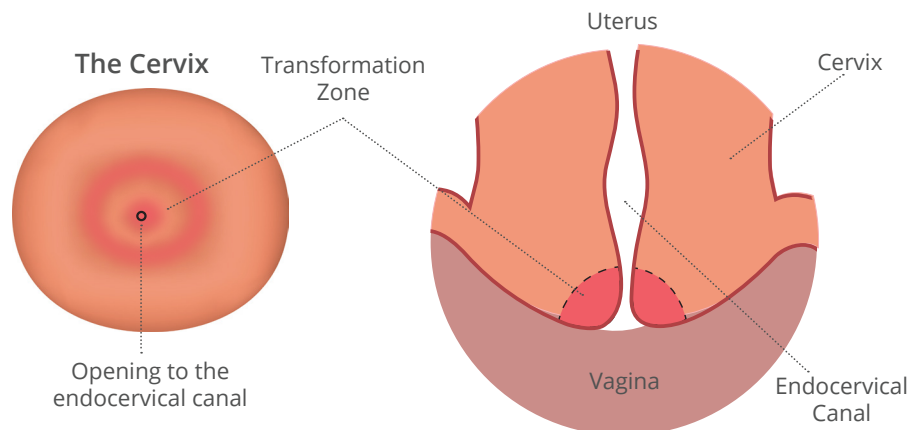
Cervical Screening Results (NOTE: Exact pathway depends on patient age and type of screening.)



Colposcopic Biopsy Results



Low Grade High Grade



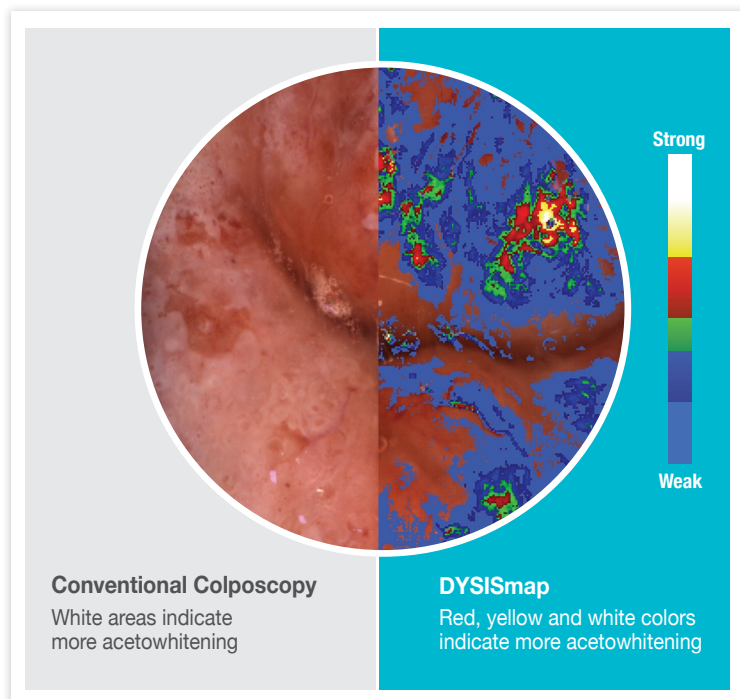
ABBREVIATIONS

ASC-US	Atypical Squamous Cells of Undetermined Significance
HPV	Human Papillomavirus
LSIL	Low-grade Squamous Intraepithelial Lesion
HSIL	High-grade Squamous Intraepithelial Lesion
ASC-H	Atypical Squamous Cells - cannot exclude HSIL
AGC	Atypical Glandular Cells
CIN	Cervical Intraepithelial Neoplasia

So, you had an abnormal Pap smear or your HPV test result was positive?

- Pap and HPV testing are used to find abnormal cells and HPV infections.
- Most people who are sexually active will be infected by HPV, but most infections go away.
- Colposcopy uses a lighted microscope to find abnormal changes of cells and biopsy those areas.
- When biopsy finds pre-cancerous cells, the cervix may be treated to prevent cancer.

Our practice offers the latest in colposcopy technology for abnormal cervical screening results **The DYSIS Advanced Cervical Imaging System**



- ✓ Helps our providers objectively quantify the colposcopy procedure
- ✓ Takes images and video for our providers to use for future exam comparisons
- ✓ Reassures and educates our patients about the colposcopy procedure

The DYSISmap highlights cervical areas with strong acetowhitening, which helps our providers select areas to biopsy during a colposcopy exam.

To learn more, visit dysismedical.com

